How energy efficiency is improved

Measurement of radiation temperature and room temperature in a room, e.g. for radiant ceiling heating.

1.1

Features

- · Mean value measuring of radiation temperature and room temperature
- Ni or NTC characteristic
- · Passive measuring element
- Measuring range: -35...70 °C
- · Measuring element: Thin-film sensor

Technical data

Parameters					
		Measu	iring range		–3570 °C
Time characteristic		Time constant in still air			15 minutes
Construction					
		Weight			0.1 kg
		Dimensions W × H × D			93.5 x 93.5 x 41.6 mm
		Housing			Pure white, similar to RAL 9010
		Housing material			Thermoplastic with black hemisphere
		Connection terminals			2 × 1.5 mm ²
Standards, directi	ves				
		Туре с	of protection		IP30 (EN 60529)
			of protection Directive 2011/65/EU		IP30 (EN 60529) EN IEC 63000
CE conformity			Directive 2011/65/EU		
CE conformity Overview of typ	es	RoHS	Directive 2011/65/EU		EN IEC 63000 EN 60730-1 (mode of operation 1,
	es Resistance values	RoHS Descri	Directive 2011/65/EU	Measur	EN IEC 63000 EN 60730-1 (mode of operation 1,
Overview of typ		RoHS Descri	Directive 2011/65/EU ption		EN IEC 63000 EN 60730-1 (mode of operation 1, residential premises)

Description of operation

The resistance of the sensors changes depending on the temperature. There is a sensor in the hemisphere which measures the radiation temperature; the second sensor in the housing measures the room temperature. From both sensors connected in series, an average value of both temperatures is defined.

The temperature coefficient of the EGS100F715 is positive, which means the resistance increases along with the temperature. The temperature coefficient of the EGS100F717 is negative, which means the resistance decreases as the temperature increases.

The sensors can be exchanged within the specified tolerance ranges.

Intended use

This product is only suitable for the purpose intended by the manufacturer, as described in the "Description of operation" section.

All related product regulations must also be adhered to. Changing or converting the product is not admissible.

Engineering and fitting notes

Electrical connection



Only qualified electricians are permitted to fit and connect the devices.



EGS100F71*

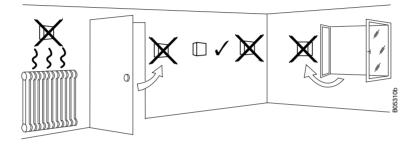
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The devices are designed for operation with safety extra low voltage (SELV/PELV). The technical data for the devices applies when connecting them to the power supply.

In particular for passive sensors, the cable resistance of the connecting cables must be considered. If necessary, this must be corrected in the downstream electronic devices. Due to self-heating, the measurement current affects the accuracy of the measuring. Therefore, this should not be greater than 1 mA.

Fitting

The EGS 100 is suitable for surface mounting. For further information, see the fitting instructions. Incorrect fitting can result in incorrect measuring results. Therefore, always observe the fitting instructions. The place of installation must also be chosen carefully to ensure reliable measurement. Cold outer walls and fitting above heat sources (e.g. radiators) and right next to doors with draughts must be avoided, as well as direct sunlight. Furnishings, such as curtains, cabinets or shelves, can hinder the flow of room air to the sensor and thereby cause discrepancies in the measurements. Heating pipes inside the walls can also affect the measurement.



Disposal

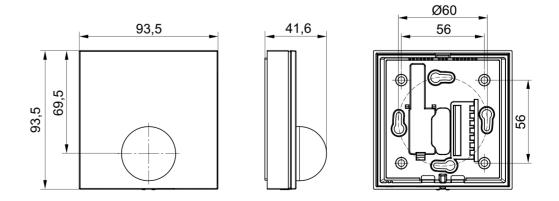
The local, currently valid laws must be observed when disposing of the device.

Connection diagram



Dimension drawing

All dimensions in mm.



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